

by Dawna L. Cyr, farm safety project assistant, and Steven B. Johnson, Ph.D., Extension crops specialist

Miscellaneous Farm Machinery Safety

Rotary Tiller Safety

Never stand between the tractor and the tiller when inspecting or adjusting the tiller. Make sure there is no interference when you lift, back or turn the tiller. Never operate the tiller if any blade bolts are missing. If the tractor lunges while tilling a hard surface, immediately step on the clutch and brake pedals. Then shift into a lower gear and resume tilling. At the end of a work run, always raise the tiller. It could propel the tractor if the blades continue turning in the soil. Shut off the engine and disengage the tiller before adjusting or performing maintenance.

Dozer Safety

Travel slowly over rough terrain. When making turns close to buildings or passing through narrow passages, make sure you have enough clearance. Be careful to avoid stumps and other immovable obstacles. Do not use a dozer as a battering ram. Do not stand

with your feet under the blade when changing the angle or removing the blade.

Trencher Safety

Use the trencher only in applications for which it was designed. Observe the underground cable signs and check with local authorities before digging. Do not dismount during

Miscellaneous Farm Machinery Safety

- Watch for underground cables when working machinery in soil.
- Do not use machinery as a battering ram.
- Counter weight the tractor correctly when using a backhoe attachment.





operations, and never leave an operating trencher unattended.

Backhoe Safety

Always operate from the operator's seat. Make sure the tractor is level and not tilted to the slope angle. Counterweight the tractor properly. Check clearances before driving under electric

lines or before entering a



building. Never move or swing a load with people in the work area. Make sure the driver is out of the cab before loading a truck. Never swing over the truck cab.

Avoid sudden starts, excessive speed and sudden stops, especially when operating on a hillside or rough

ground. Practice smooth, even transfer of loads. Sudden, jerky movements are dangerous to both equipment and personnel. Use extreme care when working close to fences or ditches or on hillsides. Be extremely careful when operating on a slope. Swing to the uphill side if possible. If downhill dumping is required, swing only as far as necessary to dump the bucket. Always move soil a sufficient distance from the trench to avoid cave-ins.

Never use any hydraulic power of the boom or dipper as a pulling or lifting device. Never use any part of the backhoe as a tie point for lifting or pulling.

This Maine Farm Safety fact sheet is part of an educational fact sheet series produced by University of Maine Cooperative Extension. For more information on farm safety, contact your county Extension office.

For the most current Extension publications, see our online catalog at

www.umext.maine.edu

A Member of the University of Maine System

Published and distributed in furtherance of Acts of Congress of May 8 and June 30, 1914, by the University of Maine Cooperative Extension, the Land Grant University of the state of Maine and the U.S. Department of Agriculture cooperating. Cooperative Extension and other agencies of the U.S.D.A. provide equal opportunities in programs and employment. 01/03