Main

Weight of pipes

can strain muscles

Tools and pipes can cut and injure hands

Irrigation systems

Adult responsibilities

ADULTS NEED TO MAKE SURE:

- Re-entry standards are followed
- Work area has no hazards
- Child has no insect allergies
- Child wears long sleeved shirt, long pants, wide brimmed hat, sunglasses and sunscreen
- Break areas are provided away from the work site with bathrooms and water for drinking and washing hands
- Child has at least one ten-minute break every hour
- Child drinks a quart of fluids every hour

Can your child do this job?

ABILITY

Can the child drive a tractor? (See "Driving a Farm Tractor")



☐ No. STOP! Children must be able to drive a tractor to do this job safely.

Do the irrigation pipes and tools the child will lift weight less than 10-15% of the child's body weight?

 \square Yes.





☐ No. STOP! Children lifting more than 15% of their body weight are more likely to injure their backs.

Does the child have to carry the irrigation supplies less than 10-15 yards?





☐ No. STOP! Children carrying a load more than 10-15 yards are more likely to injure their backs.

Are the irrigation tools the right size for the child?

 \square Yes.



☐ No. STOP! The wrong size tools can cause injury.

Slippery/uneven surface Can the child understand and repeat can lead to slips, from memory a 20-step process? trips and falls



☐ No. STOP STOP! Children who can't remember the steps to a job are more likely to be injured.

Can the child stay focused on a job up to 50 minutes?

 \square Yes.



☐ No. STOP STOP! Children working beyond their attention span a re easily distracted and more likely to be injured.

Can the child recognize a hazard and solve the problem without getting upset?



☐ No. STOP! Children must be able to recognize hazards, think about how to respond, and stay calm to prevent injury.

TRAINING

Has the child been trained on lifting techniques?

 \square Yes.



☐ No. STOP! Lifting incorrectly can cause back injury.

Has the child been trained to use the irrigation tools?

☐ No. STOP STOP! Training is needed to prevent injury.

Has the child been trained on safe handling of chemicals?

 \square Yes.

 \square No.



CAUTION! An adult should handle the chemicals.

Has an adult demonstrated working with irrigation systems on site?

 \square Yes.





☐ No. STOP! Children learn best when shown how to do the job at the work site.

Has the child shown he or she can do the job safely 4 to 5 times under close supervision?

 \square Yes.



watch constantly until the child shows he or she can do the job.

Can an adult supervise as recommended?

☐ No. STOP! The right level of supervision is key to preventing injuries.

Remember



Eye protection as needed



Non-skid shoes



Fluid-resistant gloves when flushing lines

Supervision

What's the right amount? Here are suggestionsbut remember, it depends on the child.

Age 14-15:

WATCH constantly at first. When the child shows he or she can do the job, CHECK every few minutes.

Age 16+:

CHECK every few minutes at first. When the child shows he or she can do the job, **LEAVE** for 15 to 30 minutes.